

# Heart Mountain Pilgrimage 2014: Honoring Selfless Service

August 22–23, 2014



**HEART  
MOUNTAIN**

WWII Japanese American Confinement Site

# From the Chair: Shirley Ann Higuchi



Welcome to the 2014 Heart Mountain Pilgrimage! We are so happy that you could join us for this momentous occasion. It is our desire to honor the heroism, service, and sacrifice of all the Americans of diverse backgrounds who have defended this country in times of need. In particular, we wish to recognize the legacy of the Heart Mountain veterans. The Japanese American 442nd Regimental Combat Team in World War II is the most decorated unit in American history. It is an honor to bring some of those men who fought so bravely for our country back to Heart Mountain to see their names on the Honor Roll Memorial.

On behalf of the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation (HMWF), I would like to give a special thanks to all the Heart Mountain soldiers who fought for our country and extend a warm welcome back to Heart Mountain to those who are among us for the events.

This weekend, we celebrate the preservation of the historic Honor Roll. A joint effort between the HMWF and the National Park Service this year resulted in stabilization work that will ensure that the Honor Roll reminds future generations of the selfless service of Heart Mountain veterans for years to come. A special thanks goes to Kris Horiuchi, HMWF Board Member and principal of Horiuchi Solien Landscape Architects; Christy Fleming, Chief of Interpretation at the National Park Service Bighorn Canyon Recreation Area (BCRA); and Ted Preator, BCRA Historic Preservationist. They have been instrumental in the planning and implementation of this extensive project.

On Saturday, the Honor Roll will be re-dedicated to the late Senator Daniel K. Inouye, a loyal advocate and friend of the HMWF. It was an honor for me to introduce Senator Inouye, a man whom I have admired my entire life, at the Grand Opening of our Interpretive Center in 2011. I was incredibly moved by his speech. Sen. Inouye, a veteran himself, dismissed claims of his own heroism and recalled instead the heroism of his fellow Nisei soldiers. Before they went into battle for the first time, he asked his squad, “What were you thinking about last night?”

Senator Inouye recalled, “And the 11 men there gave the same answer, in different ways: ‘I hope I don’t bring shame to the family.’ ‘I hope I don’t dishonor my country.’ Everything was on honor. Not a single one said, ‘Oh, I hope I don’t get hurt.’ ‘I hope I don’t die.’ That remained with me throughout all of the battles of the following twelve months—what these guys were willing to go through, not fearing death or injury.”

We are thrilled that Irene Hirano Inouye, his wife and President of the U.S.–Japan Council, will be present to accept a plaque on his behalf. We also welcome our dear friends, Secretary Norman Y. Mineta and Senator Alan K. Simpson, who worked alongside Senator Inouye for redress for people of Japanese ancestry wrongfully incarcerated during World War II. Also joining us are Floyd Mori, President/CEO of the Asian Pacific American Institute for Congressional Studies; Eric Saul, historian who has done extensive work on the story of the Nisei soldiers; and Sharon Yamato, one of the filmmakers of *A Flicker in Eternity*. Thank you again for coming to the Heart Mountain WWII Japanese American Confinement Site for this year’s Heart Mountain Pilgrimage!

*Shirley Ann Higuchi*

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## Film & Special Exhibits

### Film Screening: A Flicker in Eternity

This is a coming-of-age tale of a gifted teenager caught between his dream of becoming an artist and his duty to his country. Based on the diary and letters of Stanley Hayami, the story is told through the eyes of a promising young man thrown into the turmoil of World War II—an experience shared by more than 120,000 Americans of Japanese descent. Through Stanley’s endearing cartoons and witty observations, a young boy’s life behind barbed wire and as a soldier in the 442nd Regimental Combat Team is vividly retold. His life-and-death account is a poignant reminder of the indignity of incarceration and the tragedy of war.



### In the Theater: Images of Sen. Daniel K. Inouye

U. S. Senator Daniel K. Inouye (1924–2012) was a lifelong public servant and a strong supporter of the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation. A veteran who nearly lost his life in brave service with the highly-decorated, all-Japanese American 442nd Regimental Combat Team in World War II, he has been recognized for his military valor with several medals and citations, including the Medal of Honor. Through a variety of images, including those taken of him at the Heart Mountain Interpretive Center Grand Opening, this exhibit features vignettes of Senator Inouye’s life dating from his enlistment in the U.S. Army through 40 years of U.S. Senate service to Hawai‘i.



### Exhibit: Girl Scouts at Heart Mountain



The *Girl Scout Hand Book* states “Duty to one’s country means doing everything possible to make our country a place where all people may live and work in safety and freedom.” The incarcerated of Heart Mountain were keen to prove their loyalty and patriotism to the rest of the country, and participation in scouting was seen as an excellent way to illustrate this desire. Even with the ironies presented in the *Girl Scout Hand Book* (which included a copy of the Bill of Rights), young women were eager to participate. It gave them a sense of comfort and security despite bewildering circumstances of their confinement. This exhibit was created in collaboration with University of Wyoming American Heritage Center traveling exhibit program, made possible with a grant from the Wyoming Humanities Council.

### Reading: Welcome Home Swallows

This is the touching story of a Japanese American family torn apart by World War II. It is told through the eyes and voice of Junior, who wishes that his two uncles—one who fought for the U.S. and another who was interned by authorities for avoiding the conflict between the two countries he loved—will return to reunite the family, just like the swallows Junior had seen returning to the mission at Capistrano. Author Marlene Shigekawa will read the book during Saturday’s program.



# Welcome to our Distinguished Guests

## NORMAN Y. MINETA'S

distinguished career includes more than 20 years of service in the U.S. Congress and cabinet appointment from two presidents. As a youth, he was incarcerated with his family at the Heart Mountain Concentration Camp during World War II. He graduated from the University of California, Berkeley, and quickly emerged as a political leader in Northern California. He served on the San Jose City Council and was elected Mayor in 1971, becoming the nation's first Asian American mayor of a major city. He was first elected to the U.S. House of Representatives in 1974, where he served from 1975 to 1995. Along with Rep. Robert Matsui, he personally advocated for the passage of the redress bill before the House on September 17, 1987, the 200th anniversary of the signing of the Constitution.

Secretary Mineta became the first Asian American to serve in a cabinet post when President Bill Clinton nominated him as Secretary of Commerce in 2000. He was then asked to serve as Secretary of Transportation by President George W. Bush in 2001, where he remained until 2006—making him the longest-serving Transportation Secretary in the department's history. Following the terrorist acts of September 11, 2001, Secretary Mineta guided the creation of the Transportation Security Administration, the largest mobilization of a new federal agency since World War II.

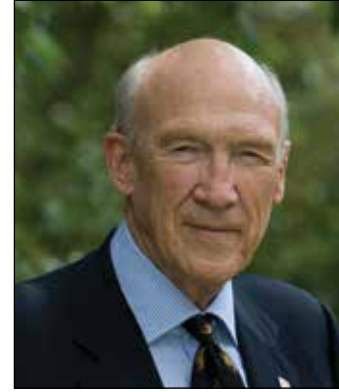
Among his numerous accomplishments, Secretary Mineta is the recipient of the Presidential Medal of Freedom, the nation's highest civilian honor, and the Wright Brothers Memorial Trophy, awarded for significant public service of enduring value to aviation in the United States. While in Congress, he was co-founder of the Congressional Asian Pacific American Caucus.



**ALAN K. SIMPSON** was born September 2, 1931 and is a native of Cody, Wyoming. He attended the University of Wyoming and received a Bachelor of Science in Law in 1954. Upon graduating, he joined the Army and was commissioned as a 2nd Lieutenant. He served overseas in the 5th Infantry Division and in the 2nd Armored Division (Hell on Wheels) in the final months of the Army's Occupation of Germany. In 1956, Al returned to the University of Wyoming and earned his J.D. in 1958.

After a short time as Wyoming Assistant Attorney General, he joined his father, Milward L. Simpson, and later Charles G. Kepler, in the law firm of Simpson, Kepler and Simpson for the next 18 years. He also served 11 years as City Attorney. Al was elected to the Wyoming State Legislature as a Park County representative in 1964. During his 13 years in the Wyoming House of Representatives, he held the offices of Majority Whip, Majority Floor Leader and Speaker Pro-Tem.

In 1978, Al was elected to the U.S. Senate. He was re-elected in 1984 and 1990, and served as Assistant Majority Leader from 1984 to 1994. Al has taught at Harvard University's John F. Kennedy School of Government and at the University of Wyoming. He is a partner in the firm of Simpson, Kepler and Edwards—the Cody division of Burg, Simpson, Eldredge, Hersh & Jardine. His book, *Right in the Old Gazoo: A Lifetime of Scrapping with the Press*, chronicles his experiences with the media. A biography, *Shooting from the Lip: The Life of Senator Al Simpson*, was published in 2011. He was a member of the Iraq Study Group, and co-chaired the Commission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform with Erskine Bowles.



## IRENE HIRANO INOUE

is President of the U.S.-Japan Council. She is the former President and founding CEO of the Japanese American National Museum in Los Angeles.

A recipient of bachelor's and master's degrees in Public Administration from the University of Southern California, Ms. Hirano Inouye has extensive experience in non-profit administration, community education and public affairs. Ms. Hirano Inouye's professional and community activities include serving as Chair and Trustee, Ford Foundation; Trustee and immediate past Chair, Kresge Foundation; Trustee, Washington Center; and Trustee, Independent Sector. She was married to the late U.S. Senator Daniel K. Inouye of Hawai'i.



**FLOYD MORI** is the President/CEO of the Asian Pacific American Institute for Congressional Studies (APAICS). He previously served as National Executive Director of the Japanese American Citizens League (JACL), where he has also served on the National Board a President and Vice President.

Mori was born and raised in Utah. He served in the U.S. Army Reserves before entering the University of Southern California. He also served a mission to Hawai'i for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. He received a Bachelors degree from Brigham Young University (BYU) with majors in both economics and Asian studies. He earned a Masters Degree in economics and political science from BYU and taught economics at Chabot College in Hayward, California, for ten years.

Mori was the Mayor of the City of Pleasanton, California, and served for six years in the California State Assembly, where he authored groundbreaking legislation in spousal abuse, equity for



# Welcome to our Distinguished Guests

women's sports in state colleges, and international business development. He was also an international business consultant for many years before moving to Washington, D.C. in 2005.

He has served on various boards and has received awards, including from OCA National, PPALM (Pan Pacific American Leaders and Mentors), SALDEF (Sikh American Legal Defense and Education Fund), the Islamic Cultural Center of Fresno, and the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold Rays with Rosette Award from the Government of Japan.

**ERIC SAUL** is the Executive Director of Visas for Life and ISRAH. He previously served as founding curator of the Military Museum at the Presidio of San Francisco from 1973–1986. He has designed and circulated a number of exhibits on the contribution of minorities to the US military. Among them was an exhibit on the Japanese American soldiers of the 100th/442nd/MIS.

In 1980, Eric Saul co-founded the Go For Broke 100<sup>th</sup>/442<sup>nd</sup>/MIS Foundation, later called the National Japanese American Historical Society. He curated many exhibits from 1981–1987, including one entitled *Unlikely Liberators* on the Japanese American soldiers of the 522nd Field Artillery Battalion who liberated the infamous Dachau Death March.

Saul has served as a consultant for the Japanese American National Museum, worked on oral histories of WWII Nisei soldiers and created the Kansha Project, to honor people who risked their reputations to help Japanese Americans during WWII. In 2010, he curated the exhibit *Go For Broke: Japanese American Soldiers Fighting on Two Fronts*.

In 2006, the Visas for Life: The Righteous and Honorable Diplomats Project became a nonprofit organization under the umbrella of the Institute for the Study of Rescue and Altruism in the Holocaust, a nonprofit corporation (ISRAH). The project documents a comprehensive history of rescue, relief and altruism during the Holocaust. Saul is presently writing a new book on diplomatic rescue during WWII.



# Schedule: Friday, August 22

1:00 p.m.–5:00 p.m.	Registration: Holiday Inn Breezeway, Cody
5:30 p.m.	Pilgrimage Dinner: Holiday Inn Main Ballroom, Cody Moderated by Judge Raymond Uno, Bacon Sakatani and HMWF Chair Shirley Ann Higuchi Heart Mountain Grand Opening Montage Showing of <i>A Flicker in Eternity</i> with remarks by filmmaker Sharon Yamato
7:00 p.m.	Dessert and Cocktail Reception: Holiday Inn Taggart Room, Cody

## Special thanks to these Japanese American Veteran organizations



In 1986, Japanese American veterans who had served in segregated units during World War II created an organization committed to keeping alive their legacy of rising above prejudice and distrust to serve their country with unparalleled bravery and distinction. In 1999, those efforts culminated in the creation of a remarkable Go For Broke Monument in Los Angeles. Today, the Go For Broke National Education Center focuses on providing a place and means by which all people can share their stories and recognize how the legacy of their lives contributes to the great American ideals of freedom and equal opportunity for all. Go For Broke offers programs to educate students and teachers of the history of Japanese American soldiers of World War II, the Japanese American incarceration, and the civil liberties issues raised by these events. For more information, visit [www.goforbroke.org](http://www.goforbroke.org).



The National Veterans Network (NVN) is a coalition that advocates on a national level to educate and enlighten the public about the experience and legacy of the Japanese American World War II soldiers. The NVN, in collaboration with the Smithsonian Institute, organized a seven-city exhibition tour of the Congressional Gold Medal that closed earlier this year. In conjunction with the exhibit, the NVN led a national campaign to support the passage of S.1055, worked with the U.S. Mint on the medal design and organized a celebration for 2500 veterans and families at the nation's capital. The NVN and Smithsonian Institute are working to build a digital exhibit to bring life to the personal stories of Japanese American soldiers in WWII and to give the civil liberties perspective of the approximately 4000 soldiers who enlisted from the WRA camps. For more information, visit [www.nationalveteransnetwork.com](http://www.nationalveteransnetwork.com).

# Schedule: Saturday, August 23

8:30 a.m. & 9:15 a.m.	Bus leaves from Holiday Inn in Cody to the Heart Mountain Interpretive Center
9:00 a.m.–10:00 a.m.	Registration: Heart Mountain Interpretive Center, 1539 Road 19, Powell
10:00 a.m.	National Anthem by trumpeter Matt Poto, Cody Boy Scout Troop 258 Welcome by HMWF Executive Director Brian Liesinger Introductions and Recognition of Distinguished Guests by HMWF Chair Shirley Ann Higuchi and HMWF Vice Chair Douglas Nelson Keynote Addresses by Senator Alan K. Simpson and Eric Saul
11:00 a.m.	Bus transportation to Honor Roll Memorial
11:30 a.m.	Flag Ceremony by local Scouts and salute performed by Powell Veterans Honor Guard Introduction to Honor Roll project by Douglas Nelson Remarks by Floyd Mori, President/CEO of the Asian Pacific American Institute for Congressional Studies Remarks by Secretary Norman Mineta Presentation of Senator Daniel K. Inouye commemorative plaque to Irene Hirano Inouye by Shirley Ann Higuchi Remarks by Irene Hirano Inouye, President of the U.S.–Japan Council
12:30–1:30 p.m.	Break for lunch Reading by Marlene Shigekawa of her children's book <i>Welcome Home Swallows</i> will take place at 1:15 p.m. (under the tent outside)
2:00 p.m.	Veterans Panel Discussion moderated by Aura Matsumura Newlin in the Interpretive Center's Ford Foundation Theater. Panelists include Heart Mountain veterans, Don Nose of Go for Broke, Eric Saul and Irene Hirano Inouye.
3:00 p.m.	Bus transportation back to the Holiday Inn in Cody
4:00 p.m.	Final bus back to the Holiday Inn in Cody
5:00 p.m.	Interpretive Center Closes

# Re-dedication of Military Honor Roll

# Military Honor Roll

More than 800 young men and women incarcerated during World War II at Heart Mountain left to serve their country in the U.S. Armed Forces, despite being forced by the government to live in wooden barracks surrounded by barbed wire. To recognize these citizens the camp's United Service Organizations (USO) sponsored the construction of a "service-men's roll call panel" during the summer of 1944. It was placed at this location by the camp's engineering department and was placed in front of the administration building.

Unfortunately, the full list of names displayed on the original Honor Roll has not survived. We do know that the original list included all service men and women whose families were incarcerated at the camp, including those who were already in the service prior to the start of the Second World War. It also included service men and women from families who were transferred to Heart Mountain from other camps and the names of Caucasian employees of the Center who left to serve in the military.

Using the original criteria, this list has been recreated using the census from the National Archives, as well as information from the camp newspaper, *The Heart Mountain Sentinel*, and from family and friends of those formerly incarcerated here. The replica Honor Roll and new flag pole were provided and installed by the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation and were dedicated in a 2003 ceremony. Funding came from private donors, including former Heart Mountain incarcerated, their descendants and residents of the State of Wyoming. The list is as accurate as possible. Names have been added as the Foundation discovers more service men and women, and names can be added in the future if shown to belong on the Honor Roll.

The re-dedication taking place during the 2014 Pilgrimage marks the stabilization efforts done to the base of the Honor Roll in 2014. The stone walls were solidified with their original rock and raised to the original height all the way around. Deteriorating mortar was carefully replaced and a drainage system was installed underneath the monument to prevent wear.

In recognition of the late Senator Daniel K. Inouye's service, both in the military and in Congress, as well as his strong advocacy for the Heart Mountain Wyoming Foundation, this re-dedication is in his honor.



The approach to the Heart Mountain Honor Roll as it appears today.

Abe, George C.  
Abe, Hirao D.  
Abe, Lewis I.  
Abe, Tom F.  
Abe, Victor Hiroshi  
Acton, Francis R.  
Ajima, Henry  
Ajima, Pomeroy Masami  
Akagi, Masato  
Akagi, Nagaaki  
Akiya, Hitoshi  
Aoyama, Sam  
Arai, Ben  
Arai, Tom  
Arakaki, Joe M.  
Arakaki, William  
Arakawa, Katsumi  
Arakawa, Mary  
Arase, Paul  
Arashiro, Michael Y.  
Arita, Harry Sumio  
Asai, Gene Taro  
Asano, Toshio  
Asano, Warren M.  
Asato, Seisuke  
Asato, Tetsuo  
Chevremont, Roselina  
Bessho, Kei  
Black, John  
Carter, C.d.  
Chandler, Harvey P.  
Chikami, Tsudeko  
Christensen, Paul L.  
Christie, Cameron  
Davis, Jack B.  
Dohara, Shigeo  
Dohara, Shiro  
Domoto, Isamu  
Egami, Roy  
Egashira, Ben Tsutomu

Egashira, Julius Sumio  
Egawa, Kaoru G.  
Ellis, William D.  
Emoto, Tadashi  
Endo, Harold Y.  
Endo, Herbert Y.  
Endo, Robert Yoshihato  
Enseki, Hiroshi  
Estes, Harry L.  
Fujii, Herbert June  
Fujii, Norman  
Fujii, Shigeo  
Fujikawa, Harry  
Fujikawa, Tetsuo Fred  
Fujima, Robert N.  
Fujimoto, Robert  
Fujino, Minoru  
Fujishin, Kay Kiyomi  
Fujishin, Sam W.  
Fujita, Frank  
Fujita, Neil Sadamasu  
Fujiwara, Yukio Andy  
Fujiye, Kaneo  
Fukuda, Frank H.  
Fukuda, Kozo  
Fukuda, Takeo  
Fukui, George Toneichi  
Fukui, Keichi K.  
Fukui, Yoneichi  
Fukumi, Hifumi  
Fukumoto, John T.  
Fukuzawa, Jun  
Funabiki, Mason  
Funabiki, Wally  
Funada, George S.  
Funatsu, Bill  
Furiya, Mutsuto  
Furuichi, Ben  
Furuichi, George  
Furukawa, Bill

Garcia, Elisa  
Gertz, Stanwood  
Ginoza, Kazunobu  
Ginoza, Kiyoshi  
Givens, Edna L.  
Gorai, Arthur  
Groom, Jr., Robert J.  
Hamanaka, George Kozo  
Hamasaki, Charles  
Hamashita, Joe  
Hanada, Toshifumi  
Hanafusa, George Y.  
Handa, Ernest Hirotake  
Handa, Toshbume  
Hangai, Takashi  
Hasegawa, Jiro  
Hashimoto, Isamu  
Hashimoto, Ted Sakio  
Hata, George  
Hattori, Joseph  
Hawes, Ernest L.  
Hayami, Frank Y.  
Hidaka, Masao William  
Hide, Makio  
Higashi, Shigeo  
Higashihara, Fumio  
Higuchi, Eddie Sumio  
Higuchi, Hidemasa  
Higuchi, James J.  
Hinaga, George Minoru  
Hinga, Kunio  
Hioki, Albert Shoki  
Hirabayashi, Grant J.  
Hirai, Ernie  
Hiraishi, Clarence Sadayoshi  
Hiraishi, Etsuo  
Hirano, Ben  
Hirano, Harry  
Hirashima, Itsuwo Thomas  
Hirata, Jerry N.

Hirayama, George  
Hirose, Victor T.  
Hishisumi, Kazuo  
Hongo, Yuta  
Hori, George Masao  
Hori, Shiro  
Horikawa, Hideyoshi  
Horino, Kiyoshi  
Horino, Tadashi  
Horita, Tadao  
Horiuchi, George  
Horiuchi, Kazuo  
Horiuchi, Minoru  
Horiuchi, Sei Paul  
Hoshida, Frank  
Hoshida, Shigeo Bob  
Hosozawa, Yoichi Frankie  
Housel, Jerry W.  
Hughes, Bryon C.  
Hunt, A. Lee  
Ichida, Myer  
Ichikawa, Buster Kozo  
Ichikawa, Haruo  
Ichikawa, James  
Ichikawa, Shoji  
Ichishita, Tom  
Igawa, Stanley E.  
Ikeda, Frank Yoshio  
Ikeda, Harry  
Ikegami, Tsugio  
Ikemoto, Gus  
Ikezo, Quentin  
Iko, Keiji  
Imai, Saburo  
Imaizumi, Haruo  
Imamura, Teruo  
Imon, Muneo Robert  
Imura, Taizo  
Inaba, Sheane  
Inamasu, Kazuo

# Military Honor Roll

Ino, Kay  
Inouye, Hajime  
Inouye, Ichiro  
Inouye, Kaoru  
Inouye, Katsumi  
Inouye, Mitsuo  
Inouye, Tadao E.  
Inouye, Taro L.  
Inouye, Tohru  
Inouye, Tsugio Tom  
Isa, Warren  
Ishida, Masao  
Ishigaki, Sadao  
Ishikawa, Mitsuo Moffet  
Ishikawa, Tokio  
Ishisaka, T.M.  
Ishitani, George Kiyoshi  
Ishizaki, Henry  
Ishizaki, Takeshi  
Iso, Jimmie  
Iso, Masami  
Iso, Yutaka J.  
Itaya, Francis  
Itaya, Sam  
Ito, Bill S.  
Ito, David M.  
Ito, Fred  
Ito, Isamu  
Ito, James O.  
Ito, Jenmei  
Ito, John  
Ito, Shinichi  
Ito, Yoshiaki  
Ito, Yoshiharu Harley  
Iwafuchi, Harry Y.  
Iwafuchi, Kingo King  
Iwafuchi, Ray  
Iwamoto, George  
Iwamoto, Yoshito  
Iwasa, George Utaka

Iwasaki, Naomi  
Iwasaki, Shogo  
Izu, Daniel T.  
Jackson, Hazel M.  
Jio, Moffett  
Jio, Sal  
Jones, Marjorie E.  
Kadota, Masao  
Kagawa, Isamu  
Kagayama, William  
Kageta, Frank  
Kageta, Joe  
Kageta, Sanai  
Kai, Willy  
Kakiba, Masashi  
Kakuchi, Yuji A.  
Kamada, Hiroshi Ben  
Kamimura, Minoru  
Kanbara, Toshiro  
Kanemoto, Masaru  
Kasano, Dave Masakazu  
Kasano, John M.  
Kashiwagi, Kazuo  
Kataoka, Charles Mitsuo  
Kato, Roy Y.  
Kawabata, Kaoru  
Kawachi, John Y.  
Kawachi, Teddy  
Kawaguchi, Yasuo  
Kawahara, George Shizumo  
Kawahara, Herb Takayoshi  
Kawakami, George  
Kawakami, Hiroshi Jim  
Kawakami, Isamu  
Kawakami, Izumi  
Kawakami, Shigeto  
Kawamoto, Richard T.  
Kawamoto, Roy Kenji  
Kawamoto, Susumu  
Kawamura, Kaname N.

Kawamura, Saburo  
Kawanami, Calvin  
Kawaoka, Paul N.  
Kawasaki, Roy Shinobu  
Kawashima, Mitsuo  
Kawashima, Yasura  
Kawayoshi, Mits  
Keiss, Lawrence R.  
Kido, George H.  
Kimura, Arata  
Kimura, George T.  
Kimura, Kiyoshi Joe  
Kimura, Lincoln Tomatsu  
Kimura, Masaru  
Kimura, Melvin M.  
Kimura, Nathan Shigeo  
Kinaga, Thomas  
Kinaga, Karl  
Kinchi, David Minoru  
King, Jerry  
Kinoshita, Jitsuo  
Kinoshita, Robert S.  
Kishi, Raymond  
Kitani, Ben Shigeru  
Kitazono, Lloyd Shigeru  
Kitazono, Loren  
Kitazono, Sanaye  
Kiyam, Henry T.  
Kiyam, Joe  
Kiyokawa, Mamoru  
Kobayashi, William Tetsuko  
Kobe, Narumi  
Koga, Max  
Komatsu, James Katsumi  
Komatsu, Shigego Richard  
Kondo, Hideo  
Kondo, James  
Kondo, Shizuo  
Kondo, Takashi  
Konishi, Joe

Konishi, Ray  
Konishi, Robert  
Konno, Frank Shigeo  
Konno, Jimmy Shigemi  
Koshiba, Albert M.  
Koshiba, Jone S.  
Koshiba, Samuel  
Koshiyama, George  
Kosobayashi, Tom Takayuki  
Kosobayashi, Tomoyoshi  
Koyama, Jiro  
Koyama, John S.  
Kuba, Allen Saburo  
Kubo, Takashi  
Kubo, Takeo  
Kubo, Takio  
Kubo, Yoshio  
Kubota, Akira  
Kubota, Joe  
Kudow, Isao  
Kudow, Tom Toshiyuki  
Kumagi, Gene  
Kumagai, Joe Y.  
Kumai, Hiroshi B.  
Kumamoto, Frank  
Kumano, Masahiko  
Kunitomi, Jack  
Kurahara, Janus Yoneo  
Kurazawa, John Y.  
Kurokawa, Dick Koichiro  
Kurtz, Marlin  
Kuwada, Paul Y.  
Kuwahara, Robert  
Kuwata, Hiroshi  
Lewis, Marjorie E.  
Lorenzen, Carl G.  
Maeda, Hare  
Magara, Ryo  
Makino, Ernest M.  
Makumoto, Hisashi

Mano, Tony Kyuma  
Marumoto, Kazuharu  
Marumoto, Shigeki  
Maruyama, Yoshimi  
Masuoka, Takashi  
Matsuda, Don  
Matsuda, Yoneichi  
Matsumoto, Amy  
Matsumoto, Fred W.  
Matsumoto, Hifumi  
Matsumoto, Masao  
Matsumoto, Toshio  
Matsumura, Clarence  
Matsumura, George J.  
Matsunaga, Mitsuru  
Matsuo, Hiroshi  
Matsushima, Tomomi  
Mayeda, John  
Mayeda, Tosh F.  
Mayekawa, Joseph  
Mayekawa, Paul  
Meguro, Leo Riochi  
Mihami, Takumi  
Mihara, Tom Takio  
Mihara, Toshio  
Miisaki, Henry  
Mikami, Akiko  
Mikami, Kiyoto  
Mikami, Takumi  
Miki, Tsutomu  
Mimaki, Claude  
Mineta, Albert  
Mirasaki, Kiyoshi  
Mishima, John Yuji  
Mitsunaga, George  
Miyahara, George Shigenobu  
Miyahara, Michael Miki  
Miyahara, Ted  
Miyahata, Noboru  
Miyake, Kenneth K.

Miyamoto, John M.  
Miyachi, Toshio  
Mizota, Charles Masaharu  
Mizuhata, John  
Mizuta, Jimmie Sueo  
Mizuta, Sadaaki  
Mizuta, Takenori  
Mochizuki, Tami  
Mochizuki, Tsutomu  
Mori, George Masao  
Mori, Takashi  
Morimoto, Masao  
Morinaga, Kazuo  
Morinaga, Yutaka  
Morioka, Dale Kogetsu  
Morioka, James Takumi  
Morisaki, Kiyoshi  
Morishige, Shun  
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Morita, Ray  
Morita, Roy Chiharu  
Morita, Saburo  
Morita, William Masahiro  
Morita, Yuji  
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Mouri, Sadayuki  
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Mukai, Tom K.  
Munekiyu, Frederick M.  
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Muraoka, Masa  
Murase, Robert  
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Murata, Bill  
Murata, Bill Kimio  
Murata, Ichiro Ned

Murata, Mitsuo Ben  
Murata, Tom Tsugio  
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Nagafuchi, Sumito  
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Nagai, Masaaki  
Nagai, Yoshinori  
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Nakada, Yoshio  
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Nakagawa, Isamu Manabu  
Nakagawa, Saburo S.  
Nakahara, Frank M.  
Nakaki, Hidetaka  
Nakaki, Hidetoshi  
Nakama, Jiei  
Nakamoto, Kurato  
Nakamura, Harold  
Nakamura, Jack  
Nakamura, Ken  
Nakamura, Shigeto  
Nakamura, Tetsu T.  
Nakamura, Tom  
Nakano, Lane Tatsuo  
Nakao, Kinuhiro  
Nakao, Mamoru  
Nakasako, Motomu  
Nakashima, Satoshi  
Nakasone, Ben  
Nakasone, Susumu Shin  
Nakata, George M.

Nakata, Roy  
Nakata, Seiji  
Nakatsuka, Keiji  
Namba, Mark  
Narita, Yasuo  
Nelson, John A.  
Nishi, Goro  
Nishi, Josohachi J.  
Nishi, Sam  
Nishi, Shiro  
Nishida, Kazuo  
Nishihara, Chiharu  
Nishimoto, Hideto  
Nishimoto, Masaki  
Nishimura, George  
Nishimura, Hiroshi  
Nishimura, Joe  
Nishimura, Minoru  
Nishimura, Tomatsu  
Nishinaka, George N.  
Nishioka, Satoshi  
Nishioka, Seiji  
Nishita, Daniel S.  
Nishiyama, Shigeichi R.  
Nishiyama, Tomi  
Nitake, Harry  
Nitake, James Kim  
Noda, George  
Nojima, Sho  
Nomura, Noboru  
Nomura, Ryohei  
Nomura, Satoru  
Noriaki, Kiyoshi  
Oda, Fred B.  
Ogata, Ben Masaru  
Ogawa, Chidori  
Ohnoki, Harry H.  
Oka, George Y.  
Oka, Isamu  
Okagaki, Warren J.

# Military Honor Roll

Okamoto, Frank Sho  
Okamoto, Masao  
Okamoto, Shore  
Okamoto, Toshikazu  
Okamoto, William  
Okasaki, Amile  
Okasaki, Toshito Frank  
Okouchi, Koojo  
Okazaki, Jerry  
Okazaki, Million  
Okazaki, Mitsuo F.  
Okazaki, Seichi  
Okazaki, Toll  
Okida, James F  
Okubo, Hiram  
Okubo, James K.  
Okubo, Seiji  
Okubo, Sumi  
Okubo, Yasushi  
Okuji, Tadashi  
Okuma, Jun  
Okuma, Kiroo  
Okuma, Masaichi  
Okumura, Don T.  
Okumura, Hisawo Roy  
Okumura, John T.  
Okumura, Raymond H.  
Okumura, Thomas Ukio  
Okura, Ben  
Okura, Gengo  
Onchi, Jim S.  
Onchi, Joe  
Ono, Fred Yoshio  
Ono, Junji  
Ono, Tom  
Onuba, Seiji  
Osakada, Gordon S.  
Oshinomi, Satoshi  
Oshiro, Hideo  
Oshita, Yutaka

Osuga, Joseph  
Osumi, Kazuo  
Ota, George  
Ota, Joe Akemasa  
Ota, Minoru  
Ota, Richard Seichi  
Otani, Kunio  
Otani, Shigeru  
Otani, Shigeto  
Oyakawa, James  
Oyama, George  
Oyama, Hiroshi Henry  
Oyama, Leo  
Oyama, Wright  
Oyamada, Abe  
Oyamada, Paul  
Oyanagi, Kenji  
Ozaki, Masato  
Ozawa, Roy T.  
Ozawa, Yoshio  
Sadamura, Yukio  
Sadataki, William  
Sagara, Stanley M.  
Sagara, Tom T.  
Saijo, Albert  
Saito, James  
Sakaguchi, George  
Sakaguchi, James Takashi  
Sakaguchi, Kikuji  
Sakaguchi, Shigehara  
Sakaguchi, Shigekazu  
Sakai, Kitao  
Sakamoto, John  
Sakamoto, Mike  
Sakamoto, Toshio  
Sakamoto, Yosai  
Sakanashi, Noriyuki Frank  
Sakane, Sadao S.  
Sakane, Yoshio  
Sakatani, Tomomi

Sakauye, Shinobu Yoshinao  
Sakazaki, Thomas Matakichi  
Sako, Sam  
Sato, Frank  
Sato, James Kiyoshi  
Sato, Mitsou Rocky  
Sato, Tadashi Spencer  
Scranton, Albert R.  
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Segawa, Jimmy M.  
Sei, Hideo  
Sekiguchi, Kenichiro  
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Selden, Sigurd I.  
Sera, Kinji  
Shigaura, Fred H.  
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Shimada, Frank  
Shimada, Hichiro  
Shimatsu, Eddie I.  
Shimatsu, Kiyoo K.  
Shimizu, Fukashi  
Shimizu, Hisashi  
Shimizu, Kunio  
Shimizu, Masaru  
Shimizu, Mito  
Shimizu, Noboru B.  
Shimizu, Takeo  
Shimoda, Yoshiro  
Shimoyama, Isao  
Shinichi, Bud Oba  
Shinji, Hiromi  
Shinji, Lomo  
Shinji, Sam Masami  
Shintani, Toshiyuki  
Shiono, Henry  
Shiono, James  
Shiozaki, Henry  
Shiozaki, Toshio  
Shirakawa, Sets

Shiraki, Attado Spud  
Shiraki, George Y.  
Shiraki, Jim Mitsuo  
Shiraki, Masaru  
Shiraki, Yoshikazu  
Shitamoto, Harry Yoshiaki  
Shitara, George  
Shoda, Yoneo  
Shundo, Jack Yoshio  
Shundo, Johnny H.  
Sogioka, Mits  
Stanton, Rex J.  
Story, Adeline F.  
Suden, Samuel M.  
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Sueki, Noriyoshi R.  
Sueki, Tamotsu T.  
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Sugihara, Frank T.  
Sugishita, Thomas Shoji  
Sugiura, Seichiro  
Sumida, George  
Sumida, John  
Sumihiro, Shigeo  
Sumihiro, Sumio  
Sumii, Shuzo  
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Suzuki, Takashi  
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Tachibana, Masao

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Tanouye, Yas  
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Tomita, Tom  
Tomita, Toshio  
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Toyama, James  
Toyoshima, Tadao  
Tsuchiya, Tomoyuki  
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Tsuji, Kiyoshi  
Tsukahara, Theodore  
Tsukahira, Toshio  
Tsukano, Harunobu  
Tsuneishi, Hughes  
Tsuneishi, James  
Tsuneishi, Noel  
Tsuneishi, Warren  
Tsuruda, David Mitsuo  
Tsuruda, Yoshio  
Surusaki, Chikaji  
Tsutsumi, Noboru  
Tsuyuki, Hideo  
Uchida, Akira  
Uchida, Tommy  
Udo, Hiroshi Walter  
Ujita, Kent Y.  
Umekubo, George  
Umekubo, Yukitomo  
Umemoto, Hirouki  
Umemoto, Jimmy Tsutomu  
Umemoto, Kaz  
Umemoto, Tom Yoshimi  
Umemoto, Tommy  
Ushiro, California S.  
Uyeda, Akio  
Uyeda, George

Uyeda, Joe Yoshitaka  
Uyeda, Mason Masaru  
Uyeda, Takeshi  
Uyemura, George J.  
Wada, George H.  
Wada, Masayoshi  
Wakabayashi, Yoshitado  
Washio, Akira  
Washizaki, Tadashi Larry  
Washizaki, Yoshito  
Watada, Al  
Watanabe, Frank  
Watanabe, George  
Watanabe, Iris  
Watanabe, Masaaki  
Watanabe, Mitsuo  
Watanabe, Yoshio  
Williams, Leota F.  
Wood, Earl A.  
Yada, George N.  
Yada, James M.  
Yamada, Mary  
Yamaguchi, Kei  
Yamaichi, Shigeru  
Yamaji, Haruo  
Yamaji, John S.  
Yamamoto, Harry  
Yamamoto, Leo  
Yamamoto, Robert Toshio  
Yamamoto, Soby Masao  
Yamamoto, Tom  
Yamamoto, Yoshiharu  
Yamamura, Taro  
Yamane, Tonney T.  
Yamani, Jim  
Yamano, Masaharu  
Yamaoka, Henry  
Yano, Farrow T.  
Yano, Hideo  
Yano, Ted

Yashiro, Kunio  
Yashiro, Yoneo  
Yasuda, Heizi  
Yasuda, Shigeru E.  
Yasuhara, Yuzo  
Yasunaga, George  
Yasuoka, Tom T.  
Yokobe, Bill  
Yokogawa, Nobuyuki  
Yokogawa, Tadashi  
Yokota, Paul H.  
Yonemura, Minoru  
Yonemura, Noriyuki  
Yoshida, Harry  
Yoshida, Minoru  
Yoshida, Sinchi  
Yoshida, Stanley A.  
Yoshihara, Taro  
Yoshikai, Henry Michio  
Yoshikai, Tom  
Yoshikawa, Ben T.  
Yoshimura, Michio  
Yoshinaga, George  
Yoshinaga, Suyeki Kay  
Yoshioka, Masato  
Yoshioka, Michio  
Yoshiyama, Henry  
Yoshiyama, Masatoshi  
Yuki, Hiroshi  
Yumibe, Toshio  
Zaima, Paul

# Military Honor Roll

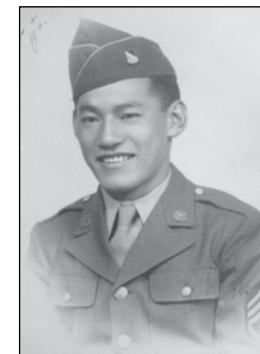
# Military Honor Roll

There were a total of 811 Japanese American Servicemen killed in action during World War II. The following lists the servicemen from Heart Mountain who were killed in action:

**Yoshiharu N. Aoyama**  
**Robert Farmer**  
**Ted Teruo Fujioka**  
**Stanley Kunio Hayami**  
**Joe J. Hayashi**  
**John S. Kanazawa**  
**Yasuo Kenmotsu**  
**Isamu Kunimatsu**  
**George M. Mayeda**  
**Jim Nagata**  
**Toll Seike**  
**William Hiroshi Taketa**  
**Kei Tanahashi**  
**Fred Yamamoto**  
**Hitoshi Moe Yonemura**

# Congressional Medal of Honor

The Congressional Medal of Honor, the nation's highest military award, is given for conspicuous gallantry at the risk of the soldier's life beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy. PFC. Sadao S. Munemori was the only Japanese American awarded the Medal of Honor during World War II. On May 19, 2000, twenty Japanese American World War II Heroes had their medals upgraded to Congressional Medal of Honor. Two of the upgraded Medal of Honor recipients were Private Joe Hayashi and Technician Fifth Grade James Okubo. Their families were incarcerated at Heart Mountain. Their Medal of Honor citations are reprinted here.



Private Joe Hayashi distinguished himself by extraordinary heroism in action on 20 and 22 April 1945, near Tendola, Italy. On 20 April 1945, ordered to attack a strongly defended hill that commanded all approaches to the village of Tendola, Private Hayashi skillfully led his men to a point within 75 yards of enemy positions before they were detected and fired upon. After dragging his wounded comrades to safety, he returned alone and exposed

himself to small arms fire in order to direct and adjust mortar fire against hostile emplacements. Boldly attacking the hill with the remaining men of his squad, he attained his objective and discovered that the mortars had neutralized three machine guns, killed 27 men, and wounded many others. On 22 April 1945, attacking the village of Tendola, Private Hayashi maneuvered his squad up a steep, terraced hill to within 100 yards of the enemy. Crawling under intense fire to a hostile machine gun position, he threw a grenade, killing one enemy soldier and forcing the other members of the gun crew to surrender. Seeing four enemy machine guns delivering deadly fire upon other elements of his platoon, he threw another grenade, destroying a machine gun nest. He then crawled to the right flank of another machine gun position where he killed four enemy soldiers and forced the others to flee. Attempting to pursue the enemy, he was mortally wounded by a burst of machine pistol fire. The dauntless courage and exemplary leadership of Private Hayashi enabled his company to attain its objective. Private Hayashi's extraordinary heroism and devotion to duty are in keeping with the highest traditions of military service and reflect great credit on him, his unit, and the United States Army.



Technician Fifth Grade James K. Okubo distinguished himself by extraordinary heroism in action on 28 and 29 October and 4 November 1944, in the Foret Domaniale de Champ, near Biffontaine, eastern France. On 28 October, under strong enemy fire coming from behind mine fields and roadblocks, Technician Fifth Grade Okubo, a medic, crawled 150 yards to within 40 yards of the enemy lines. Two grenades were thrown at him while he left his last covered position to carry back wounded comrades. Under constant barrages of enemy small arms and machine gun fire, he treated 17 men on 28 October and 8 more men on 29 October. On 4 November, Technician Fifth Grade Okubo ran 75 yards under grazing machine gun fire and, while exposed to hostile fire directed at him, evacuated and treated a seriously wounded crewman from a burning tank, who otherwise would have died. Technician Fifth Grade James K. Okubo's extraordinary heroism and devotion to duty are in keeping with the highest traditions of military service and reflect great credit on him, his unit, and the United States Army.



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